



T 20th

REGNO:-TMC -D/79/89/36

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. All question are compulsory.
- 2. The question paper consists of 29 questions divided into three sections A,B and C. Section A comprises of 10 question of 1 mark each. Section B comprises of 12 questions of 4 marks each and Section C comprises of 7 questions of 6 marks each .
- 3. Question numbers 1 to 10 in Section A are multiple choice questions where you are to select one correct option out of the given four.
- 4. There is no overall choice. However, internal choice has been provided in 4 question of four marks and 2 questions of six marks each. You have to attempt only one lf the alternatives in all such questions.
- 5. Use of calculator is not permitted.
- 6. Please check that this question paper contains 6 printed pages.
- 7. Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.

सामान्य निर्देश :

- 1. सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- इस प्रश्न पत्र में 29 प्रश्न है, जो 3 खण्डों में अ, ब, व स है। खण्ड अ में 10 प्रश्न हैं और प्रत्येक प्रश्न 1 अंक का है। खण्ड – ब में 12 प्रश्न हैं और प्रत्येक प्रश्न 4 अंको के हैं। खण्ड – स में 7 प्रश्न हैं और प्रत्येक प्रश्न 6 अंको का है।
- 3. प्रश्न संख्या 1 से 10 बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं। दिए गए चार विकल्पों में से एक सही विकल्प चुनें।
- 4. इसमें कोई भी सर्वोपरि विकल्प नहीं है, लेकिन आंतरिक विकल्प 4 प्रश्न 4 अंको में और 2 प्रश्न 6 अंको में दिए गए हैं। आप दिए गए विकल्पों में से एक विकल्प का चयन करें।
- 5. कैलकुलेटर का प्रयोग वर्जित हैं ।
- 6. कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न–पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 6 हैं।
- 7. प्रश्न–पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नम्बर को छात्र उत्तर–पुस्तिका के मुख–पृष्ठ पर लिखें।

Pre-Board Examination 2011 -12			
Time : 3 Hours		अधिकतम समय : 3	
Maximum Marks : 100		अधिकतम अंक : 100	
Total No. Of Pages :6		कुल पृष्ठों की संख्या : 6	
CLA	ISS – XII CBSE	MATHEMATICS	
PART – A			
Q.1	Find the coordinates of the point where	the line through $(5, 1, 6)$ and $(3, 4, 6)$	
	1) crosses the YZ-plane. Ans $\left(0, \frac{17}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}\right)$	$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$	
Q.2	If A is a non-singular matrix such	that $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, then find	
	$(A^T)^{-1}$, where A^T is transpose of A.	Ans $(A^T)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	
Q.3	Write the number of all one-one function $\frac{1}{1000}$	ons from the set $A = \{a, b, c\}$ to	
0.4	In a triangle ABC, the sides AB and B	are represented by vectors	
x	In a change ribe, the sides rib and \vec{D}	e die représented by vectors	
	2i - j + 2k, $i + 3j + 5k$ respectively. Find the vector representing CA.		
	Ans: -(3i+2j+7k)		
Q.5	Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x}{x^{2}+1} dx$. Ans $I = \frac{1}{2} [\log 2 - 0]$	$\mathbf{J} = \frac{1}{2} \log 2.$	
Q.6	Let $A = [a_{ij}]_{m \times 3}; B = [b_{ij}]_{p \times 4} an$	$dC = [c_{ij}]_{2 \times 4}$ are such that	
	$A_{m\times 3}$. $B_{p\times 4} = C_{2\times 4}$; find the value	of m and p. Ans $m = 2, p = 3$	
Q.7	Prove that : $\frac{9\pi}{8} - \frac{9}{4}\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{4}\sin^{-1}\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$.	
Q.8	The vectors $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} + x\hat{j} - \hat{k} \& \vec{l}$	$\vec{p} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y\hat{k}$ are mutually	

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$$\frac{|\mathbf{p}|_{\mathbf{r}} = -\frac{3}{12} \cdot y = \frac{41}{12}}{|\mathbf{r}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{1}{12}} = |\vec{b}| \text{ find the values of x and y . Ans.}}{|\mathbf{r}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{-3}{12} \cdot y = \frac{41}{12}}$$

$$\frac{|\vec{c}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{-3}{12} \cdot y = \frac{41}{12}}{|\mathbf{r}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{1}{12}} = |\vec{b}| \text{ find the values of x and y . Ans.}}{|\vec{c}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{-3}{12} \cdot y = \frac{41}{12}}$$

$$\frac{|\vec{c}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{4}{12} \cdot y = \frac{4}{12}}{|\vec{c}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{1}{12}} = |\vec{c}|_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{1}{12} \cdot y = \frac{1}{12} \cdot y = \frac{1}{12} \cdot y = \frac{1}{12} \cdot y = \frac{1}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2$$

determinants, prove

 $x \frac{d^2 y}{d^2} = 1$ given

 $+(\log x)^{x}$ $\frac{1+\log x \cdot \log(\log x)}{\log x}$

log x

the

and III, each containing two coins. In box

following:

that

equation

 $y = x \log x - x + 2$

	Solution Let E_1 , E_2 and E_3 be the events that boxes I, II and III are chosen, respectively.	
	Then $P(E_1) = P(E_2) = P(E_3) = \frac{1}{3}$	
	Also, let A be the event that 'the coin drawn is of gold'	
	Then $P(A E_1) = P(a \text{ gold coin from bag } I) = \frac{2}{2} = 1$	
	$P(A E_2) = P(a \text{ gold coin from bag II}) = 0$	
	$P(A E_3) = P(a \text{ gold coin from bag III}) = \frac{1}{2}$	
	Now, the probability that the other coin in the box is of gold	
	= the probability that gold coin is drawn from the box I.	
	$= P(E_1 A)$	
	By Bayes' theorem, we know that	
	$P(E \mid A) = \frac{P(E_1)P(A E_1)}{P(E_1)P(A E_1)}$	
	$P(E_1)P(A E_1) + P(E_2)P(A E_2) + P(E_3)P(A E_3)$	
	1	
	$=\frac{-\frac{-1}{3}}{-\frac{-1}{3}}=\frac{2}{-\frac{-1}{3}}$	
	$\frac{1}{3} \times 1 + \frac{1}{3} \times 0 + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2}$ 3	
2.19	Show that each of the relation R in the set A =	
	$\{x \in 2: 0 \le x \le 12\}$, given by	
	(i) R= {(a,b): $ a-b $ is a multiple of 4}. Ans {1,5,9}	
	(ii)R= {(a,b):a = b} is an equivalence relation .Find the set of all elements	
) 20	to 1 in each cases. Ans {1} Find the intervals in which the function (given by	
2.40	f ring the intervals in which the function f given by	



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Q.23Using integration, find the area of the triangle bounded by the lines
$$y = 2x$$

 $+ 1, y = 3x + 1$ and $x = 4$. Ans Required Area
 $= \frac{1}{1}(3x+1)dx - \frac{1}{9}(2x+1)dx - 8anit^2$
OR
Sketch the region common to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ and the parabola
 $y^2 = 8x$. Also, find the area of the region using integration. Ans
 $= \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2}(\sqrt{41}-4)^2 + \frac{25\pi}{2} - 25\sin^3(\frac{\sqrt{41}-4}{5}) + g2\pi - 25\pi - 25\pi$

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THE IDEAL ATTITUDE IS TO BE PHYSICALLY LOOSE AND MENTALLY TIGHT.