

<b>I</b> G	THE JAIN INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL, BILASPUR									
	A JGI Institution									
PRE BOARD EXAMINATION-3 (2013-14)										
CL	ASS: XII	SUBJECT :	CHEMISTRY		TIME: 3 Hours					

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				•	M	M : 70				
1. Arrange the given compounds in decreasing order of their boiling points: CH <sub>3</sub> Br, CH <sub>3</sub> F, CH <sub>3</sub> I, CH <sub>3</sub> Cl.										
2. Describe the refining method of Zirconium .										
3. How does the surface area affect Chemisorption and Physisorption?										
4. Name the reagent used in the conversion of Phenol to Benzoquinone.										
5. What are Vitamins?										
6. What hap	6. What happens when H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>3</sub> is heated? Write the equation.									
		H <sub>3</sub> C OH	1							
7. Give the II	JPAC name of	1120				[1]				
8. Draw the	structure of 4-	methylpent-3-er	n-2-one.			[1]				
9. An element has molar mass $2.7 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kg mol}^{-1}$ , forms a cubic unit cell with edge length 405 pm. If its density is $2.7 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ , what is the nature of cubic unit cell?										
			ou create n-type and p-type semic	conductors?		[2]				
	the role of the	•	7/100			[2]				
		Blast furnace.								
		rometallurgy of A	Aluminium.							
	12. Why do Haloarenes not undergo Nucleophilic substitution reaction? Explain.									
13. Explain the Non-ideal behavior of a mixture of Ethanol and Acetone.										
14.Calculate $E^{0}_{Cell} = 0.4$		m constant of th	e reaction : Cu(s) + 2 Ag <sup>+</sup> (aq) <del>-)</del>	Cu <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2	Ag(s)	[2]				
15. Draw the	structures of	XeF <sub>2</sub> and HOCIC	) <sub>2</sub> .			[2]				
16.Give reasons :										
i) The tra	nsition metals	generally form	coloured compounds.							
ii) Transiti	ion metals act	as good catalysts	S.							
17.i)Write the Coupling reaction with Phenol.										
ii) Conver	t Ethanamide	to Methanamir	ne.							
18. Explain why Aliphatic Amines are stronger bases than Ammonia.										
19. 1 g of a non electrolyte solute dissolved in 50 g of Benzene lowered the freezing point of Benzene By 0.40 K.The freezing point depression constant of Benzene is 5.12 K kg mol <sup>-1</sup> . Find the molar mass										

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of the solute.



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20. i) What is the main difference between a Multimolecular colloid and a Macromolecular colloid? ii) What is Dialysis?					
21. Explain the Dry cell in detail with diagram.					
22. i)How are the following conversions carried out :					
a) Benzyl chloride to Benzyl alcohol.					
b) Phenol to Salicylaldehyde.					
ii) o-Nitrophenol is steam volatile while p-Nitrophenol is not. Give reason.					
23.i) How does Glucose react with Bromine water? Write the reaction.					
ii) The deficiency of which Vitamin causes "pernicious anaemia"?					
iii) What is Peptide linkage ?					
24. i)How is Nylon-6,6 formed ? Why is it named so ?	[3]				
ii) Write the Monomers of PVC and Teflon.					
25. i)Write about Artificial sweetening agents.	[2+1]				
ii) What is Tincture of Iodine? Where is it used?					
26. i)Explain why $Cu^{\dagger}$ ion is not stable in aqueous solutions ?	[3]				
ii) Why is Ti <sup>2+</sup> ion paramagnetic in nature ?					
27. i)Write the IUPAC name of $[Co(NH_3)_3Cl_3]$ .	[3]				
ii) Compare the hybridization and geometry of $[Ni(CO)_4]$ and $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$					
28. i)Explain the following terms :					
a) Rate of a reaction b) Activation energy of a reaction.	[2+3]				
ii) The decomposition of $NH_3$ on a Platinum surface is Zero order reaction. What would be the rate of	f				
production of $N_2$ and $H_2$ if $k = 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ L S}^{-1}$ ?					
OR					
i) What is Order of a reaction? Can it be determined from a balanced chemical equation?					
ii)In a First order reaction the concentration of the reactant is reduced from $0.6$ mol L $^{-1}$ to $0.2$ mol L	-1				
in 5 minutes. Calculate the rate constant of the reaction.					
29. i) Illustrate the following name reactions :	[2+3]				
a) Cannizzaro Reaction					
b) Wolf Kishner Reduction					
ii) Give simple Chemical test to distinguish between the following pairs of compounds:					
a)Benzaldehyde and Acetophenone.					
b) Ethanol and Propanal.					
OR					
i) Illustrate the following name reactions :					
a) Rosenmund Reduction					
b)Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky Reaction					
ii) Complete each synthesis by giving products in the following:					

## KMnO<sub>4</sub>/OH

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[2+3]



30. a) Complete the following chemical equations :

i) 
$$PCl_3 + H_2O \longrightarrow$$

b)Account for the following:

- i) The boiling point of Noble gases is very low.
- ii) ICl is more reactive than I<sub>2</sub>.
- iii) Nitrogen exists as N<sub>2</sub> while Phosphorus as P<sub>4</sub>.

OR

a) Complete the following chemical equations:

ii) 
$$I_2 + HNO_3 \longrightarrow$$

- b) Account for the following:
  - i) NH<sub>3</sub> forms Hydrogen bonds but PH<sub>3</sub> does not.
  - ii) PCl<sub>5</sub> cannot act as a reducing agent.
  - iii)  $R_3P=O$  exists but  $R_3N=O$  does not.

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