

General Instructions.

(i)(ii)

(iii)

All questions are compulsory.

Marks of each question are indicated against it.

## **EQUILIBRIUM CLASSES**

### **CHEMISTRY-THEORY**

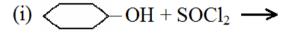
Time Allowed: 3 hrs. CLASS-XII Maximum Marks:70

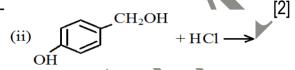
#### Question No. 1 to 8 are very short answer type questions and carry I mark each. (iv) Question No. 9 to 18 are short answer type questions and carry 2 mark each. (v) Question No. 19 to 27 are also short answer type questions and carry 3 mark each. Use log tables, if necessary. Use of calculators is not allowed. (vi) Which point defect in crystals does not alter the density of the relevant solid? Q1) [1] Define the term "Tyndal effect"? [1] Q2) Why is the froth floatation method selected for the concentration of sulphide ores? Q3) [1] Why is Bi(v) a stronger oxidant that Sb(v)? Q4) [1] Give the IUPAC name of the following compound-Q5) [1] $CH_3-C = C-CH_2OH$ ĊH₃ Br Write the structure of 3-oxopentanal, Q6) [1] Why is an alkafamine more basic the ammonia? Q7) [1] Q8) Give an example of elastomers. [1] Q9) A reaction is second order with respect to a reactant. How will the rate of reaction be affected if the concentration of this reactant is:-[2] doubled (ii) reduced to half Explain the role of :-Q10) [2] Cryolite in the electrolytic reduction of alumina. Corbon monoxide in the purification of nickel. Draw the following chemical reaction equations:-[2] Q11) XeF<sub>4</sub> (i) (ii) BrF<sub>3</sub> Complete the following chemical reaction equations:-[2] Q12) $P_4(s) + NaOH(aq) + H_2O(l) \rightarrow$ (i) (ii) $I-(aq) + H_2O(1) + O_3(g) \rightarrow$



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- Q13) Differentiate between morality and molality of a solution. what is the effect of change in temperature of a solution on its molarity and molality? [2]
- Q14) Which ones in the following pairs of substances undergoes SN<sub>2</sub> substitution reaction faster and why?
  - (i)  $\bigcirc$  CH<sub>2</sub>Cl or  $\bigcirc$  Cl
  - (ii)  $\sim$  I or  $\sim$  C1
- Q15) Complete the following reaction equations:-





[2]

[2]

- Q16) Explain what is meant by:-
  - (i) a peptide linkage
  - (ii) a glycosidic linkage
- Q17) Name two water soluble vitamins, their source and the diseases caused due to their deficiency in diet?
- Q18) Draw the structure of the monomers of the following polymers:-
  - (i) Teflon

ii) Polyethene

OR

What is the repeating unit in the condensation polymer obtained by combining HO<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (Succinic acid) and H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> (ethylene diamine).

Q19) Iron has a body centered unit cell with a cell edge of 286.65pm. the density of iron os 7.87gcm<sup>-3</sup>. use this information to calculate Avogadro's number. [3]

(At mass of Fe = 56 gmol-1. OF

In thermal power station shahjahanpur coal is burnt to produce steam for electricity. The smoke produce gets precipitated in the chimnies having precipitor. Answer the following questions.

- (i) Why is the smoke passed through precipitator in chimnlies.
- (ii) How does coal ash affect atomos phere.
- (iii) Which value is promoted through the use of electrostatic precipitator.
- Q20) 100 mg of a protein of dissolved in just enough water to make 10.0ml of solution.s of this solution has an osmotic pressure of 13.3mm Hg at 25°C, what is the molar mass of the protein?
- Q21) A first order reaction has a rate constant of 0.00051min<sup>-1</sup>. If we begin with 0.10 M concentration of the reactant, what concentration of reactant will remain in solution after 3 hours?
- Q22) How are the following colloids different from each other in respect of dispersion medium and disposed phase? Give one example each-

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	I)	An aerosol	II) .	A nyarosol	III)	An emuision		
Q23)	Accou	nt for the following:-						[3]
	i)	NH₃ is a stronger base than PH₃.						
	ii)	i) Sulphur has a greater tendency for catenation than oxygen.						
	iii)	Bond dissociation energy of F <sub>2</sub> is less than that of Cl <sub>2</sub> .						
	OR Explain the following situations:-							
								[3]
	i)	In the structure of HNO₃ molecule, the N — O bond (121pm) is shorter than						
		N – OH bond (140 p	,					
	ii)	SF <sub>4</sub> is easily hydrate	d where	as SF <sub>6</sub> is not	easily h	nydrolysed.		
	iii)	XeF <sub>4</sub> has a straight linear structure and not a bent angular structure.						
Q24)	For the	e complex [Fe(en)2Cl2	<u>₂],</u> (en= e	ethylene diam	iine) Ide	entify-		[3]
	i)	The oxidation number						
	ii)	the hybrid orbitals ar			mplex,			
	iii)	the magnetic behavi						
	iv)	The number of geon						
	v)	Whether there is an	•		nd			
	vi)	Name of the comple						
Q25)	Explai	n the mechanism of t						[3]
	i)	Addition of Grignard	_		onyl gro	oup of a compo	und forming	an
		aduct followed by hy	•					
	ii)	Acid catalysed dehy						
	iii)	Acid catalysed hydra			-			
Q26)	Giving	and example for each			•			[3]
	i)	Hoffmann's bromide	reaction	n ii)	Gatter	man reaction.		
	iii)	A coupling reaction.	•					
0.07	/							
Q27)	Explai	n the following type o						[3]
000\	人	Cationic detergents	•					
Q28)	(a)	Define molar conduc	•					
		strong electrolytes, r		•	anges v	vith concentrati	on of solutio	n.
	(1-1)	How is such change	•			-1 <b>f</b> 11		
	(b)	A voltaic cell is setup			•	ait ceiis:-		
		Ag+ (0.001M)	•	,		1C\		[ <i>[</i> ]
		what would be the ve	oitage of	this ceil ? (E	cell = U	.46V)		[5]
	OR (a) State the relationship amongst cell constant of a cell, resistance of the so							٥.,
	(a)		_	•				
		in the cell and condu	ictivity O	i tile solution.	⊓∪W IS	moiai conduct	livity of a sof	ule

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related to conductivity of its solution.

(b) A voltaic cell is setup at 25°C with following half cells:-

 $AI/AI^{3+}$  (0.001M) and  $Ni/Ni^{2+}$  (0.50M)

Calculate the cell voltage [E
$$^{\circ}$$
Ni<sup>2+</sup> = - 0.25v, E $^{\circ}$ Ai<sup>3+</sup>/Ai = -1.66] [5]

Q29) (a) Complete the following chemical reactions equations:-

[5]

- i)  $MnO_4^-(ag) + C_2O_4^2^-(ag) + H^+(ag) \longrightarrow$
- ii)  $\operatorname{Cr}_2\operatorname{O}_7^{2^-}(\operatorname{ag}) + \operatorname{Fe}^{2^+}(\operatorname{ag}) + \operatorname{H}^+(\operatorname{ag}) \longrightarrow$
- (b) Explain the following observation about the transition/inner transition elements:
  - There is in general an increase in density of element from Ti (Z=22) to Cu(Z=29).
  - ii) There occurs much more frequent metal-metal bonding in compounds of heavy transition elements (3<sup>rd</sup> series).
  - iii) The members in the actinoid series exhibit a larger number of oxidation states the the corresponding members in the lanthanoid series.

OR [5]

- (a) Complete the following chemical equations for reactions:
  - i)  $MnO_4^-$  (ag) +  $S_2O_3^2$  (ag)+ $H_2OC^+$ (I)
  - ii)  $Cr_2O_7$  (ag) +  $H_2S(g)$  +  $H_4$  (ag)
- (b) Give an explanation for each of the following observations:-
  - The gradual decrease in size (actinoid contraction) from element to element is greater among theactinoids that among the lanthanoids (lanthanoid contraction)
  - ii) The greatest number of oxidation states are exhibited by the members in the middle of transition series.
  - iii) With the same d-orbital configuration (d<sup>4</sup>) Cr<sup>2+</sup> ion is reading agent but Mn<sup>3+</sup> is an oxidizing agent.
- Q30) (a) Illustrate the following name reactions by giving example:-

[5]

- i) Cannizzaro's reaction
- ii) Clemmensen reduction
- An organic compound A contains 69.77% Corbon, 11.63% Hydrogen and rest Oxygen. The molecular moss of the compound with sodium hydrogen sulphite and gives positive iodoform test. On vigorous oxidation it gives ethanoic and proparoic acids. Derive the possible structure of compound A.

======##==BEST OF LUCK==##======

### **ANUJ SHARMA, DIRECTOR**

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