GURUKUL ACADEMY

FOR – Xith , Xiith & Competitive Exam.

Time – 3hr.

Test - Full Syllabus.

M.M - 70.

Question no 1 to 8 - [1 Marks each]. Question no 18 to 27 - [3 Marks each]. Question no 9 to 17 - [2 Marks each]. Question no 28 to 30 - [5 Marks each].

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General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.
- There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in one question of two marks, one question of three marks and all questions of five marks. You have to attempt only one the choices in such questions.
- Question numbers 1 to 8 are very short answer type questions, carrying one mark each.
- Questions numbers 9 to 18 are short answer type questions carrying two marks each.
- Question numbers 19 to 27 are also short answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- Question numbers 28 to 30 are long answer type questions, carrying five marks each.
- Use of calculators is not permitted. However, you may use log tables, if necessary.

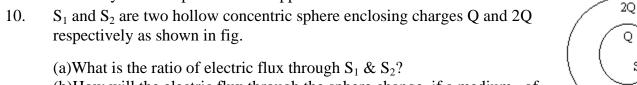
You may use the following physical constants wherever necessary.

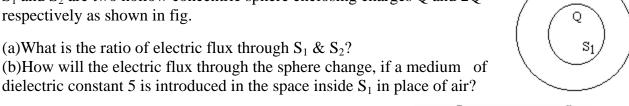
 $\begin{array}{l} c = 3 \text{ x } 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1} \\ h = 6.6 \text{ x } 10^{-34} \text{ Js} \\ e = 1.6 \text{ x } 10^{-19} \text{C} \\ \mu_o = 4\pi \text{ x } 10^{-7} \text{ TmA}^{-1} \\ 1/4\pi\epsilon_o = 9 \text{ x } 10^9 \text{ N m}^2 \text{C}^{-2} \\ \text{Avogadro number N}_A = 6.023 \text{ x } 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1} \\ \text{Mass of the neutron} = 1.675 \text{ x } 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \end{array}$

Boltzmann constant, $k = 1.38 \times 10^{23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$

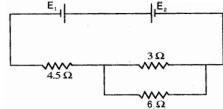
- 1. An electron beam projected along +X axis, experiences a force due to a magnetic field along the + Y-axis. What is the direction of the magnetic field?
- 2. The instantaneous current from an ac source is $I = 6 \sin 314t$. What is the rms value of the current?
- 3. A bulb connected in series with a solenoid is lit by ac source. If a soft iron core is introduced in the solenoid, will the bulb glow brighter?
- 4. Which part of the electromagnetic spectrum is used in operating RADAR? Give its wavelength range.
- 5. Two thin lenses + 6D and -2D are in contact. What is the focal length of the combination?
- 6. The ionization potential of hydrogen is 13.6 V. calculate the energy of its first excited state.
- 7. How does the collector current change in a junction transistor, if the base region has larger width?
- 8. How does the conductivity change of a semiconductor with increase of temperature?

GURUKUL ACADEMY Test paper based on C.B. S.E Exam 2012 By - A.K. Pandey, 9958655311, 100% Success guaranty in board exam. 9. Define the term temperature coefficient of resistivity. Draw a graph showing the variation of resistivity with temperature for copper.





11. Two cells E_1 and E_2 in the given circuit diagram have an emf of 4V and 8V and internal resistance 0.5Ω and 1.0Ω respectively. Calculate the current flowing through the resistance of 3Ω .



How will a dia & ferro magnetic material behave when kept in a non-uniform external field? Give 12. two examples each.

13. Write two applications of each, microwaves and infrared rays.

14. A double concave lens of glass of RI 1.6 has radii of curvature of 40cm, 60cm. Calculate its focal length. Also find the focal length of the lens if the lens is immersed in a liquid of RI 1.3.

Show that the de-Broglie wavelength λ of electrons of energy E is given by the relation 15.

$$\lambda = \; \frac{h}{\sqrt{2\; m\; E}}$$

16. If the frequency of light on metal surface is doubled, will the kinetic energy of photoelectrons be doubled. Explain?

17. Define half life. Derive the relation between half life and decay constant.

18. Discuss the advantage and disadvantage of Amplitude modulation

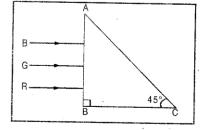
19. Define electric dipole. Derive an expression for eclectic potential on the axis of dipole.

20. State Guass's theorem in electrostatics. Derive an expression for electric field intensity produced by charged thin sheet using this theorem.

21. Write the principle of potentiometer. Explain with diagram how will you measure internal resistance of a cell using potentiometer.

22. Derive a relation between root mean square value and peak value of alternating current.

23. Three rays of light red (R), green (G) and blue (B) are incident on the face AB of a right angled prism ABC. The refractive indices of the material of the prism for red, green and blue wavelengths are 1.39, 1.44 and 1.47 respectively. Trace the path of the rays



through the prism. How will the situation change if these rays were incident normally on one of the faces of an equilateral prism?

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- 24. State radioactive disintegration law and deduce the relation $N = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$ where symbols have their usual meaning.
- 25. Define mutual inductance. Derive an expression for mutual inductance of two long co-axial solenoid of sane length wound over the other.
- 26. Draw a labeled ray diagram to show the image formation by an astronomical telescope when final image is forms at least distance of distinct vision. Derive an expression for its magnifying power.
- 27. (a) With the help of block diagram, briefly explain the function of a receiver for detection of amplitude modulated wave.
 - (b)A radio can tune two any stations in 7.5MHz to 12MHz band. What is corresponding wavelength band.
- 28. Draw a graph to show the variation of the angle of deviation with that of the angle of incidence for a monochromatic ray of light passing through a glass prism of refracting angle A and deduce the relation for its refractive index in terms of refracting angle and minimum deviation. Also explain Angular dispersion and Dispersive power.

OR

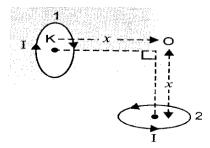
Define the term wave front. Draw the wave front and corresponding rays in the case of a (i) diverging spherical wave, (ii) plane wave.

Using Huygen's postulates explain the refraction of a plane wave front at a plane surface and hence verify Snell's law.

29. Draw a circuit diagram to study the input and output characteristic of an n-p-n transistor in common emitter mode. Explain these characteristics graphically.

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- (a) Explain the use of Zener diode as voltage regulator.
- (b) The output of an OR gate is connected to both the inputs of a NAND gate. Draw the logic circuit of this combination of gates and write its truth table.
- 30. (a) Using Biot- Savart's law derive an expression for magnetic field intensity on the axis of a circular coil carrying current.
 - (b) To small circular loops each of radius R marked 1 and 2 carrying equal currents are placed with the geometrical axis perpendicular to each other as shown in fig. find the magnitude and direction of the net magnetic field produced at the point O.



OR

State Ampere circuital law, A long solenoid with closely wound turns has n turns per unit length. A steady current I flows through this solenoid. Use ampere circuital law, how to obtain an expression for magnetic field at a point on its axis and close to its mid point.