# UNIVERSAL EDUCATION CENTRE

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# SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT -II **MATHEMATICS** Class - X

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 90

#### **General Instructions:**

- a) All questions are compulsory.
- b) The question paper consists of 31 questions divided into four sections A, B, C and D.
- c) Section A contains 4 questions of 1 mark each which are multiple choice questions, Section B contains 6 questions of 2 marks each, Section C contains 10 questions of 3 marks each and Section D contains 11 questions of 4 marks each.
- d) Use of calculator is not permitted.

### Section A

1. In an AP, if a = 5, d = 2.5,  $a_n = 10$ , then the value of n is:

(b) 2

- (d) 4
- 2. If in a  $\triangle$  ABC,  $\angle$ C = 90° and  $\angle$ B = 45°, then state which of the following is true:

(a) Base = Perpendicular

- (b) Base = Hypotenuse
- (c) Perpendicular = Hypotenuse
- (d) Base + Perpendicular = Hypotenuse
- 3. The probability that two different friend have different birthdays (ignoring a leap year) is:

- (a)  $\frac{364}{365}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{365}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{73}$  (d)  $\frac{3}{73}$ 4. The centroid of the triangle whose vertices are  $(x_1, y_1)$   $(x_2, y_2)$  and  $(x_3, y_3)$  is:

(b)  $(x_1 + x_2 + x_3, y_1 + y_2 + y_3)$ 

(a)  $\left(\frac{x_1+x_2+x_3}{3}, \frac{y_1+y_2+y_3}{3}\right)$ (c)  $\left(\frac{x_1+x_2+x_3}{6}, \frac{y_1+y_2+y_3}{6}\right)$ 

(b)  $(x_1 + x_2 + x_3)$ (d)  $(\frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}{4}, \frac{y_1 + y_2 + y_3}{4})$ Section B

- 5. If 1 is a zero of the polynomial  $p(x) = ax^2 3(a-1)x 1$ , then find the value of a.
- 6. If the first term of an AP is -4 and the common difference is 2, then find the sum of first 10 terms.
- 7. If *a*,*b* and *c* are the sides of a right angled triangle where *c* is the hypotenuse, then prove that the radius *r* of the circle which touches the sides of the triangle is given by  $r = \frac{a+b-c}{2}$ .
- 8. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle. The area of sector OAPB is  $\frac{5}{18}$  of the area of the circle. Find x.



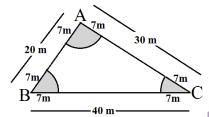
- 9. How many shots each having radius 3 cm can be made from a cubical lead solid of dimensions 49 cm x 36 cm x 22 cm?
- 10. Three cubes of a metal whose edges are in the ratio 3:4:5 are melted and converted into a single cube of diagonal  $24\sqrt{3}$  cm. Find the edges of the three cubes.

## **Section C**

- 11. Solve the quadratic equation:  $\sqrt{3}x^2 \sqrt{2}2x 2\sqrt{3} = 0$
- 12. The sum of *n* terms of an AP is  $3n^2 + 5n$ . Find the AP and hence find its 16th term.
- 13. A point P is 13 cm from the centre of the circle. The length of the tangent drawn from P to the circle is 12 cm. Find the radius of the circle.
- 14. The angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a building 50 meters high as observed from the top of a tower are  $30^{\circ}$  and  $60^{\circ}$  respectively. Find the height of the tower and the horizontal distance

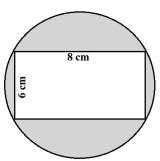
between the building and the tower. (Take  $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$ )

- 15. Cards marked with the numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box. Find the probability that the number on the card is:
  - (i) an even number.
- (ii) a number less than 14. (iii) a number which is a perfect square.
- 16. Find the ratio in which the point (-3, k) divides the line segment joining the points (-5,-4) and (-2,3). Hence, find the value of k.
- 17. Show that the points A (1, 2), B (5, 4), C (3, 8) and D(-1, 6) are the vertices of a square.
- 18. Three horses are tethered at 3 corners of a triangular plot having sides 20 m, 30 m, 40 m with ropes of 7 m length each. Find the area of the plot which can be grazed by the horses. Use = (Use  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )



19. A rectangle 8 cm x 6 cm is inscribed in a circle as shown in figure. Find the area of the shaded region.

(Use 
$$\pi = 3.14$$
)

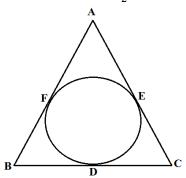


20. A solid iron rectangular block od dimensions 4.4 m x 2.6 m x 1 m is cast into a hollow cylindrical pipe of internal radius 30 cm and thickness 5 cm. Find the length of the pipe.

#### **Section D**

- 21. Solve for x:  $abx^2 + (b^2 ac)x bc = 0$
- 22. Sum of the areas of two squares is 468 m<sup>2</sup>. If the difference of their perimeters is 24 m, then find the sides of two squares.
- 23. Ram asks the labour to dig a well up to a depth of 10 m. Labour charges `150 for first meter and `50 for each subsequent meters. As labour was uneducated, he claims `550 for the whole work. Read the above passage and answer the following questions:
  - (i) What should be the actual amount to be paid to the labour?
  - (ii) What value of Ram is depicted in the question, if he pays `600 to the labour? [Value Based Question]

24. The incircle of  $\triangle$  ABC touches the sides BC, CA and AB at D, E and F respectively. Show that: AF + BD + CD = AE + BF + CE =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (Perimeter of  $\triangle$  ABC)



25. Prove that the tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact. Using the above result, prove the following:

A tangent PQ at a point P of a circle of radius 5 cm meets a line through the centre of a point Q so that OQ = 13 cm. Find the length of PQ.

- 26. Draw a circle of radius 3 cm. From a point 5 cm away from the centre of the circle, draw two tangents to the circle. Find the lengths of the tangents.
- 27. The angle of elevation of the top of a tower as observed from a point on the ground is ' $\alpha$ ' and moving 'a' meters towards the tower, the angle of elevation is ' $\beta$ '. Prove that the height of the tower is

 $\frac{a \tan \alpha \tan \beta}{\tan \beta - \tan \alpha}$ 

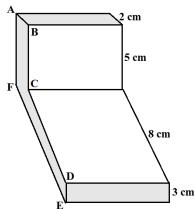
28. A card is drawn at random from a well-shuffled deck of playing cards. Find the probability that the card drawn is:

(i) a king or a jack

(ii) a non-ace

(iii) a red card (iv) neither a king nor a queen.

- 29. Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining the points (-4,0) and (0,6) in three equal parts.
- 30. In figure, the shape of a solid copper piece (made of two pieces) with dimensions is shown. The face of ABCDEFA is the uniform cross-section. Assume that the angles at A, B, C, D, E and F are right angles, calculate the volume of the piece.



31. A milk container is in the form of a frustum of cone of height 18 cm with radius of its upper and lower ends as 8 cm and 32 cm respectively. Find the amount of milk which can completely fill the container and its cost at the rate of Rs.20 per litre. (Use  $\pi = 3.14$ )

ALL THE BEST